



Interpret Ordnance Survey maps in the classroom and the field, including using grid references and scale, topographical and other thematic mapping, and aerial and satellite photographs	■			■					■			■			
Use Geographical Information Systems (GIS) to view, analyse and interpret places and data				■		■			■			■			
Use fieldwork in contrasting locations to collect, analyse and draw conclusions from geographical data, using multiple sources of increasingly complex information.				■		■			■			■			

Above is an indication of the skills and knowledge continued in the GCSE Geography Specification